Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended): An endoscope comprising:

an elongated inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section, having

at least two optical systems receiving the light from an object illuminated by said illuminating light

and forming at least two images not equal to each other; and

one image transmitting optical system having single optical axis and being formed to be

of a size equal to or larger in the radial direction than a size of said objective optical system, and

arranged within said inserted section and transmitting said two images in common.

Claim 2 (currently amended): An endoscope according to claim 1 wherein said two

optical systems have two optical axes eccentric from an optical axis of said image transmitting

optical system on both sides of the optical axis and said two optical systems [[from]] form images

having a parallax between each other.

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/941,984

Response dated February 17, 2004

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 3 (original): An endoscope according to claim 1 wherein said two optical systems

have two optical axes not parallel with each other and form images different in the visual field

direction from each other.

Claim 4 (currently amended): An endoscope according to claim 1 wherein said objective

optical system has said two optical systems arranged in parallel on an object side and one optical

systems system arranged in common on the image side of said two optical systems and said two

optical systems are formed of negative lenses.

Claim 5 (original): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and

forming the light from the object illuminated by said illuminating light as plural images having a

parallax between each other through plural incident pupils; and

one image transmitting optical system contained at least partly within said inserted section

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/941,984

Response dated February 17, 2004

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

and transmitting said plural images having a parallax between each other by said objective optical

system.

Claim 6 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 5 wherein the diameter of the

incident pupil of said objective optical system is substantially the same as the radius of said relay

optical system or is smaller than it.

Claim 7 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 5 wherein an image taking means

taking the plural images having a parallax between each other and transmitted by said image

transmitting optical system is arranged at the rear end of said inserted section within which said

objective optical system and said image transmitting optical system are contained.

Claim 8 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 5 wherein said objective optical

system is formed of two negative lenses arranged in parallel with each other and one positive lens

group arranged on the optical axis coinciding with the optical axis of said two negative lenses and

said image transmitting optical system in the order mentioned from the object side.

Claim 9 (original): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of the inserted section; an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and forming plural images having a parallax between each other respectively in spatially separated positions for the object illuminated by said illuminating light; and

one image transmitting optical system transmitting said plural images.

Claim 10 (withdrawn): A stereoendoscope according to claim 9 having at least one image taking means taking the plural images having a parallax and made on the final image surface of said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 11 (withdrawn): A stereoendoscope according to claim 9 wherein the petzval sum of said objective optical system is a negative value.

Claim 12 (withdrawn): A stereoendoscope according to claim 9 wherein the optical axis of said image taking means is inclined to the optical axis of said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 13 (withdrawn): A stereoendoscope according to claim 9 having an adapter optical system for re-forming the plural images having a parallax and made on the final image surface of said image transmitting optical system and varying the relative distance between the plural images

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

within said final image surface.

Claim 14 (original): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and

forming plural images having a parallax between each other respectively in spatially substantially

coinciding positions for the object illuminated by said illuminating light; and

one image transmitting optical system transmitting said plural images.

Claim 15 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 14 having a pupil dividing and

image forming means for spatially separating the plural images having a parallax and made in the

substantially coinciding positions on the final image surface by said image transmitting optical

system and forming images and at least one image taking means taking the images formed by said

pupil dividing and image forming means.

Claim 16 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 14 wherein said objective

optical system comprises plural front groups and one rear group placed in parallel on the object side

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

and the space between said front groups and said rear group is afocal.

Claim 17 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 15 wherein said objective

optical system comprises plural front groups and one rear group placed in parallel on the object side

and said front group is formed of a negative power element and positive power element in the order

mentioned from the object side.

Claim 18 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 15 having an adapter optical

system for spatially or timely separating and re-forming the plural images having a parallax and

made in the spatially substantially coinciding positions on the final image surface of said image

transmitting optical system.

Claim 19 (previously presented): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and

forming n images (wherein n is an integer equal to or above 3) having a parallax between each

other for the object illuminated by said illuminating light;

one transmitting optical system transmitting the n images;

at least one image taking means taking the respective images simultaneously; and

a displaying means selectively displaying any two images of the taken plural images.

Claim 20 (original): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system wherein plural optical systems are arranged in parallel on the distal end side of said inserted section and plural images having a parallax between each other are formed for the object illuminated by said illuminating light;

an image transmitting optical system comprising one optical system transmitting the plural images formed by the objective optical system; and

an image taking means taking at least two images of the plural images transmitted by said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 21 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 20 wherein said objective optical system is formed of plural optical systems whose petzval sum is negative.

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 22 (withdrawn): A stereoendoscope according to claim 20 wherein said image taking

means comprises two image taking devices whose optical axes are inclined respectively to the optical

axis of said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 23 (withdrawn): A stereoendoscope according to claim 20 wherein said image taking

means comprises plural image taking devices and the central parts on the image taking surfaces of

said plural image taking devices are arranged as inclined to contact the curved surfaces of the

images.

Claim 24 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 20 wherein said objective

optical system comprises plural front group optical systems in which optical systems are arranged

in parallel and a rear group optical system arranged coincidentally with the optical axis of said image

transmitting optical system and forming images of the beams from said plural front group optical

systems in substantially superimposed positions and said image transmitting optical system transmits

substantially superimposed plural images having a parallax between each other and formed by said

objective optical system.

Claim 25 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 24 wherein the positions of the

pupils transmitted by said image transmitting optical system are separated from each other.

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 26 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 24 wherein the projected beam

from said front group optical system is a substantially afocal beam.

Claim 27 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 24 wherein the border position

of said front group optical system and said rear group optical system is more on the image side than

the front side focus position of said rear group optical system.

Claim 28 (original): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged within the distal end side of said inserted section; and

an image taking means arranged within said inserted section and taking the object image

formed by said objective optical system,

said objective optical system having two negative lenses arranged in parallel with each other

and one positive lens group opposed to said two negative lenses and arranged along the central axis

between the optical axes of said two negative lenses in the order mentioned from the object side.

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/941,984

Response dated February 17, 2004

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 29 (original): An endoscope provided with:

an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils

corresponding to these visual field directions and arranged so as not to be superimposed and forming

at least one object image; and

a transmitting optical system formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size of the

plural pupils from the objective optical system and transmitting rearward the object image and said

plural pupils from said objective optical system.

Claim 30 (original): An endoscope according to claim 29 having a pupil separating means

separating plural pupils corresponding respectively to the beams in said plural different directions

and formed by said transmitting optical system and an image forming optical system forming object

images formed by the beams included in the range of the pupils corresponding to the separated

respective visual field directions.

Claim 31 (original): An endoscope according to claim 30 wherein said image separating

means is arranged near the plural pupils transmitted by said transmitting optical system on the side

on which the rays are projected by said transmitting optical system.

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 32 (original): A stereoendoscope according to claim 30 halving plural image taking

means receiving respectively plural object images formed by said image forming optical system and

forming images.

Claim 33 (original): An stereoendoscope according to claim 32 wherein said pupil

separating means has an optical member separating into respectively different directions the beams

included in the plural pupils formed by said transmitting optical system and a reflecting means

directing the plural beams separated by said optical member in a direction substantially parallel with

the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and said plural image taking means receive the

beams reflected by said reflecting means and take respectively the object images formed by said

image forming optical system.

Claim 34 (original): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual

field directions and plural pupils corresponding to these visual field directions and formed so as not

to be superimposed on each other and forming object images and a transmitting optical system

having a single optical axis and transmitting the object images and plural pupils from said objective

optical system are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system which receives beams in

directions different from each other and projects said beams as plural substantially afocal beams

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear

side optical system which has a single optical axis common with said transmitting optical system,

converges the plural beams from said front side optical system and forms object images rearward

and

said image transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils

formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size of the plural pupils corresponding to the plural

beams from said rear side optical system and from said rear side optical system.

Claim 35 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 34 wherein an optical system

converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged to be substantially parallel with the optical

axis of said transmitting optical system is arranged on the projecting side of the beam forming the

object image transmitted from said transmitting optical system, an image forming lens receiving only

one of said plural beams and an image taking means receiving the object image formed by said

image forming lens and taking the image are provided, said image forming lens and image taking

means are integrally moved in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system

and only one of said plural beams is selectively incident into said image forming lens.

Claim 36 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 34 wherein on the projecting side

of the beam forming the object image transmitted by said transmitting optical system are arranged

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/941,984

Response dated February 17, 2004

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

an optical system converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged to be substantially parallel

with the optical axis of said transmitting optical system, a light path switching means movably

arranged in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system to selectively

rearward transmit only one of said plural beams, an image forming optical system receiving one

beam selected by said light path switching means and forming an object image and an image taking

means receiving the object image formed by said image forming optical system and taking the image.

Claim 37 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 34 wherein on the projecting side

of the beam forming the object image transmitted by said transmitting optical system are provided

a first optical system converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged to be substantially

parallel with the optical axis of said transmitting optical system, a second optical system receiving

said plural beams and forming an image, a beam switching means provided between said first optical

system and second optical system and selectively passing only one of said plural beams and an image

taking means receiving the object image formed by said second optical system and taking the image.

Claim 38 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 35 wherein a means setting plural

pupils corresponding respectively to the beams in said plural different directions is provided in either

of said objective optical system and transmitting optical system.

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/941,984

Response dated February 17, 2004

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 39 (original): An endoscope according to claim 34 having an image forming optical

system having an optical axis common with said transmitting optical system and forming an object

image formed of the beam included in the range of plural pupils corresponding to the respective

visual field directions from said transmitting optical system.

Claim 40 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 34 having one image taking

means receiving plural object images formed by said image forming optical system and taking the

images.

Claim 41 (original): An endoscope according to claim 39 wherein said image forming

optical system is an ocular optical system forming plural object images corresponding to different

visual field directions so as to be observable with the naked eyes.

Claim 42 (original): An endoscope according to claim 39 wherein a means setting plural

pupils corresponding to the respective beams in said plural different directions is provided in either

of said objective optical system and said transmitting optical system.

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 43 (original): An endoscope according to claim 41 wherein a means setting plural

pupils corresponding to the respective beams in said plural different directions is provided in either

of said objective optical system and said transmitting optical system.

Claim 44 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural

visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to these visual field directions and formed so

as not to be superimposed on each other and forming plural object images and a transmitting optical

system having a single optical axis are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system which receives beams in

directions different from each other and projects said beams as plural substantially afocal beams

arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and plural

rear side optical systems arranged in parallel to receive plural projected beams from said front side

optical system, converge plural object images and form plural object images respectively in the rear,

said image transmitting optical system is formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size

of the plural pupils corresponding to the plural beams from said rear side optical systems and

transmits rearward the plural object image and plural pupils from said plural rear side optical

systems.

Claim 45 (original): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to said plural visual field directions and and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system including plural pupils receiving respectively plural beams in directions different from each other and a prism optical system varying at least one of said beams and converting the respective beams to beams directed in substantially the same direction and a rear side optical system forming object images made of plural beams from said front side optical system in substantially the same positions and

said transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils from said rear side optical system.

Claim 46 (original): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to said plural visual field directions and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis are provided,

said objective optical system has a front side optical system including plural lenses having optical axes in directions different from each other and a prism optical system receiving the respective beams having passed through said plural lenses and converting said beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system having a size including the beams projected out of said front side optical system

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/941,984

Response dated February 17, 2004

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

and having a single axis and a convergence for projected rays to simultaneously form images of the

plural beams and

said transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils from

said rear side optical system.

Claim 47 (original): An endoscope according to claim 46 wherein an ocular optical system

having an optical axis common with said transmitting optical system is arranged on the projecting

side of the beams forming the object images

Claim 48 (original): An endoscope according to claim 46 wherein an optical system

converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel with the optical axis

of the transmitting optical system, a reflecting means directing the plural beams projected out of said

optical system in respectively different directions, plural image forming optical systems provided

in the respective light paths of the respective beams to form object images of the respective beams

reflected by said reflecting means and plural image taking means taking images by receiving the

respective object images formed by said image forming optical system are provided on the projecting

side of the beams forming the object images transmitted by said transmitting optical system.

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

Claim 49 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 46 wherein an optical system

converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel with the optical axis

of the transmitting system is arranged on the projecting side of the image position formed by said

transmitting optical system, an image forming lens receiving only one of the plural beams from said

optical system and an image taking means taking images by receiving the object images formed by

this image forming lens are provided, said image forming lens and image taking means are formed

to be integrally moved in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system and

only one of said plural beams is selectively incident upon said image forming lens.

Claim 50 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 46 wherein an optical system

converting said plural images to plural images arranged substantially in parallel with the optical axis

of the transmitting optical system, a light path switching means arranged movably in the direction

intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system to deliver rearward only one of the plural

beams from said optical system and an image forming optical system receiving the beams selected

by said light path switching means and forming object images in the rear are provided on the

projecting side of the image position formed by said transmitting optical system.

Claim 51 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural

visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to said plural visual field directions and a

transmitting optical system having a single optical axis are provided,

said objective optical system has a front side optical system including a pupil dividing means

dividing pupils into said plural pupils, a prism member making the directions in which the beams

corresponding to the divided respective pupils are incident different from each other and plural

lenses having optical axes in directions different from each other and

a rear side optical system forming images of plural beams simultaneously on the image

surface and having a single optical axis and a convergence for the projected beams and

said transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils from

said rear side optical system.

Claim 52 (withdrawn): An endoscope having an objective optical system comprising

plural visual field directions, plural pupils corresponding to said visual field directions and an optical

system forming images in the same positions of the beams from the respective pupils.

Claim 53 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 52 having a passage interception

switching means selectively passing one of the plural pupils from said objective optical system.

Claim 54 (original): An endoscope wherein the objective optical system comprises a front side optical system including a lens having a negative refractive force and a rear side optical system which includes a lens having a positive refractive force and has a convergence,

said front side optical system includes plural lenses having optical axes in directions different from each other and prism receiving beams in directions different from each other and converting said beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel with the optical axis of a transmitting optical system delivering said beams and

said rear side optical system has a size including the beams projected out of said front side optical system and a single optical axis and forms images of objects of said plural beams simultaneously on the image surface.

Claim 55 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and an image taking means receiving object images formed by said objective optical system and taking images are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system including a prism optical system receiving beams in plural directions different from each other and converting said beams to plural beams arranged substantially parallel, a means setting plural pupils corresponding to the respective beams and a passage interception switching means selectively

passing one of said plural pupils and a rear side optical system having a single optical axis and a convergence and

said image taking means takes the object images corresponding to the pupils selected by said passage interception switching means and formed by said rear side optical system.

Claim 56 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 55 wherein said image taking means is a solid state image taking device.

Claim 57 (original): An endoscope provided with:

an objective optical system having plural pupils arranged so as not to be superimposed on each other and forming plural object images having passed through said plural pupils; and

an image transmitting optical system transmitting rearward said plural object images and pupils from said objective optical system.

Claim 58 (currently amended): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of the inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and

forming plural images having a parallax between each other respectively in spatially separated positions for the object illuminated by said illuminating light;

one image transmitting optical system transmitting said plural images; and

at least one image taking means taking the plural images having a parallax and <u>said at least</u> one image taking means being made on the final image surface of said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 59 (previously presented): A stereoendoscope comprising: an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of the inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and forming plural images having a parallax between each other respectively in spatially separated positions for the object illuminated by said illuminating light; and

one image transmitting optical system transmitting said plural images, wherein the petzval sum of said objective optical system is a negative value.

Claim 60 (currently amended): A stereoendoscope comprising: an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of the inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and forming plural images having a parallax between each other respectively in spatially separated positions for the object illuminated by said illuminating light; [[and]]

one image transmitting optical system transmitting said plural images; and an adapter optical system for re-forming the plural images having parallax,

wherein the optical axis of said image taking means adapter optical system is inclined to [[the]] an optical axis of said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 61 (currently amended): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of the inserted section; an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and forming plural images having a parallax between each other respectively in spatially separated positions for the object illuminated by said illuminating light;

one image transmitting optical system transmitting said plural images; and
an adapter optical system for re-forming reform the plural final images having a parallax
and made on the final image surface of said image transmitting optical system and varying the

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

relative distance between the plural reformed images within said final image surface by said

adapter optical system is wider than the distance between said final images.

Claim 62 (currently amended): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system wherein plural optical systems are arranged in parallel on the

distal end side of said inserted section and plural images having a parallax between each other

are formed [[for]] in spatially separated positions the object illuminated by said illuminating

light;

an image transmitting optical system comprising one optical system transmitting the plural

images formed by the objective optical system; and

an image taking means taking at least two images of the plural images transmitted by said

image transmitting optical system,

wherein said image taking means comprises two image taking devices whose optical axes

are inclined respectively to the optical axis of said image transmitting optical system.

Claim 63 (currently amended): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system wherein plural optical systems are arranged in parallel on the distal end side of said inserted section and plural images having a parallax between each other are formed for the object illuminated by said illuminating light;

an image transmitting optical system comprising one optical system transmitting the plural images formed by the objective optical system; and

an image taking means taking at least two images of the plural images transmitted by said image transmitting optical system,

wherein said image taking means comprises plural image taking devices and [[the]] central parts on [[the]] image taking surfaces of said plural image taking devices are arranged as inclined to contact [[the]] curved surfaces of the images.

Claim 64 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to these visual field directions and formed so as not to be superimposed on each other and forming object images and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis and transmitting the object images and plural pupils from said objective optical system are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system which receives beams in directions different from each other and projects said beams as plural substantially afocal beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system which has a single optical axis common with said transmitting optical system, converges the plural beams from said front side optical system and forms object images rearward and

said image transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils, and is formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size of the plural pupils corresponding to the plural beams transmitted from said rear side optical system,

wherein an optical system converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged to be substantially parallel with the optical axis of said transmitting optical system is arranged on the projecting side of the beam forming the object image transmitted from said transmitting optical system, an image forming lens receiving only one of said plural beams and an image taking means receiving the object image formed by said image forming lens and taking the image are provided, said image forming lens and image taking means are integrally moved in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system and only one of said plural beams is selectively incident into said image forming lens.

Claim 65 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to these visual field directions and formed so

as not to be superimposed on each other and forming object images and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis and transmitting the object images and plural pupils from said objective optical system are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system which receives beams in directions different from each other and projects said beams as plural substantially afocal beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system which has a single optical axis common with said transmitting optical system, converges the plural beams from said front side optical system and forms object images rearward; and

said image transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils, and is formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size of the plural pupils corresponding to the plural beams transmitted from said rear side optical system,

wherein on the projecting side of the beam forming the object image transmitted by said transmitting optical system are arranged an optical system converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged to be substantially parallel with the optical axis of said transmitting optical system, a light path switching means movably arranged in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system to selectively rearward transmit only one of said plural beams, an image forming optical system receiving one beam selected by said light path switching means and forming an object image and an image taking means receiving the object image formed by said image forming optical system and taking the image.

Claim 66 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to these visual field directions and formed so as not to be superimposed on each other and forming object images and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis and transmitting the object images and plural pupils from said objective optical system are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system which receives beams in directions different from each other and projects said beams as plural substantially afocal beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system which has a single optical axis common with said transmitting optical system, converges the plural beams from said front side optical system and forms object images rearward; and

said image transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils, and is formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size of the plural pupils corresponding to the plural beams transmitted from said rear side optical system,

wherein on the projecting side of the beam forming the object image transmitted by said transmitting optical system are provided a first optical system converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged to be substantially parallel with the optical axis of said transmitting optical system, a second optical system receiving said plural beams and forming an image, a beam switching means provided between said first optical system and second optical system and

selectively passing only one of said plural beams and an image taking means receiving the object image formed by said second optical system and taking the image.

Claim 67 (withdrawn): An endoscope according to claim 64 wherein a means setting plural pupils corresponding respectively to the beams in said plural different directions is provided in either of said objective optical system and transmitting optical system.

Claim 68 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural Visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to these visual field directions and formed so as not to be superimposed on each other and forming object images and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis and transmitting the object images and plural pupils from said objective optical system are provided,

said objective optical system comprises a front side optical system which receives beams in directions different from each other and projects said beams as plural substantially afocal beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system which has a single optical axis common with said transmitting optical system, converges the plural beams from said front side optical system and forms object images rearward;

said image transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils, and is formed to be of a size equal to or larger than the size of the plural pupils corresponding to the plural beams transmitted from said rear side optical system; and

one image taking means receiving plural object images formed by said image forming optical system and taking the images.

Claim 69 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to said plural visual field directions and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis are provided,

said objective optical system has a front side optical system including plural lenses having optical axes in directions different from each other and a prism optical system receiving the respective beams having passed through said plural lenses and converting said beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system having a size including the beams projected out of said front side optical system and having a single axis and a convergence for projected rays to simultaneously form images of the plural beams and

said transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils from said rear side optical system,

wherein an optical system converting said plural beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel with the optical axis of the transmitting optical system is arranged on the

projecting side of the image position formed by said transmitting optical system, an image forming lens receiving only one of the plural beams from said optical system and an image taking means taking images by receiving the object images formed by this image forming lens are provided, said image forming lens and image taking means are formed to be integrally moved in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system and only one of said plural beams is selectively incident upon said image forming lens.

Claim 70 (withdrawn): An endoscope wherein an objective optical system having plural visual field directions and plural pupils corresponding to said plural visual field directions and a transmitting optical system having a single optical axis are provided,

said objective optical system has a front side optical system including plural lenses having optical axes in directions different from each other and a prism optical system receiving the respective beams having passed through said plural lenses and converting said beams to plural beams arranged substantially in parallel along the optical axis of said transmitting optical system and a rear side optical system having a size including the beams projected out of said front side optical system and having a single axis and a convergence for projected rays to simultaneously form images of the plural beams and

said transmitting optical system transmits rearward the object images and plural pupils from said rear side optical system,

Reply to OA of November 21, 2003

wherein an optical system converting said plural images to plural images arranged

substantially in parallel with the optical axis of the transmitting optical system, a light path switching

means arranged movably in the direction intersecting with the optical axis of said optical system to

deliver rearward only one of the plural beams from said optical system and an image forming optical

system receiving the beams selected by said light path switching means and forming object images

in the rear are provided on the projecting side of the image position formed by said transmitting

optical system.

Claim 71 (currently amended): A stereoendoscope comprising:

an elongate inserted section;

an illuminating light projecting means projecting an illuminating light from the distal end

side of said inserted section;

an objective optical system arranged on the distal end side of said inserted section and

forming [[an]] n images (wherein n is an integer equal to or above 3) having a parallel parallax

between each other for the object illuminated by said illuminated light, said n images are not

superimposed on each other;

one image transmitting optical system transmitting the n images;

at least one image taking means taking the respective images;

and a displaying means selectively displaying any two images of the taken plural images.